



Unit 8

Exponential & Logarithmic Functions



Exponential Growth and Decay

Sections 8.1 and 8.2

Exponential Growth

- y-int: $(0, a)$

- HA: $y = 0$

- D: $(-\infty, \infty)$

- R: $(0, \infty)$ if $a > 0$

- R: $(-\infty, 0)$ if $a < 0$

$$f(x) = a \cdot b^x ; \text{ where } \underbrace{a > 0}_{\text{positive}}, \underbrace{b > 1}$$



To – Do:

1. Graph $y = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2^x$, and $y = 3 \cdot 2^x$. Compare with the graph of $y = 2^x$
Parent Graph
2. Graph $y = -\frac{1}{5} \cdot 2^x$, and $y = -5 \cdot 2^x$. Compare with the graph of $y = 2^x$
3. Describe the effect of a on the graph of $y = a \cdot 2^x$ when a is positive and when a is negative.

Graph the functions

- $y = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^x$

P.G.: $y = 3^x$

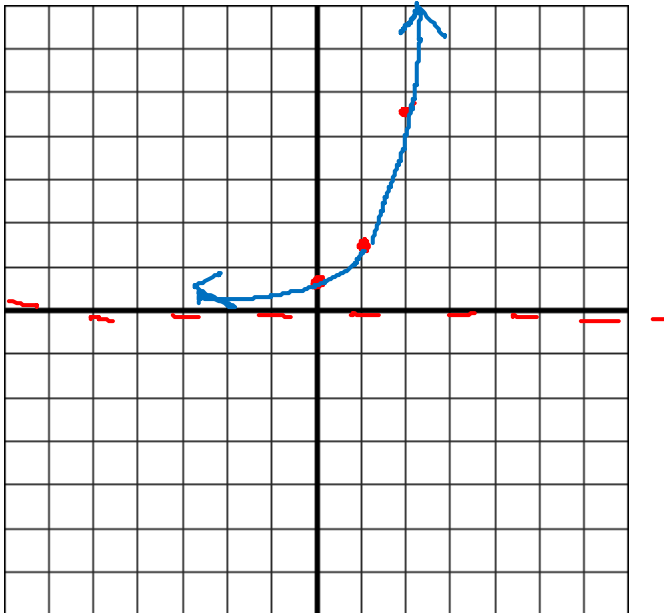
TR: Vertical Shrink

Pts: $(0, 1/2)$ $(1, 3/2)$

- HA: $y = 0$

- D: $(-\infty, \infty)$

- R: $(0, \infty)$



- $y = -\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^x$

- PG: $y = \frac{3}{2}^x$

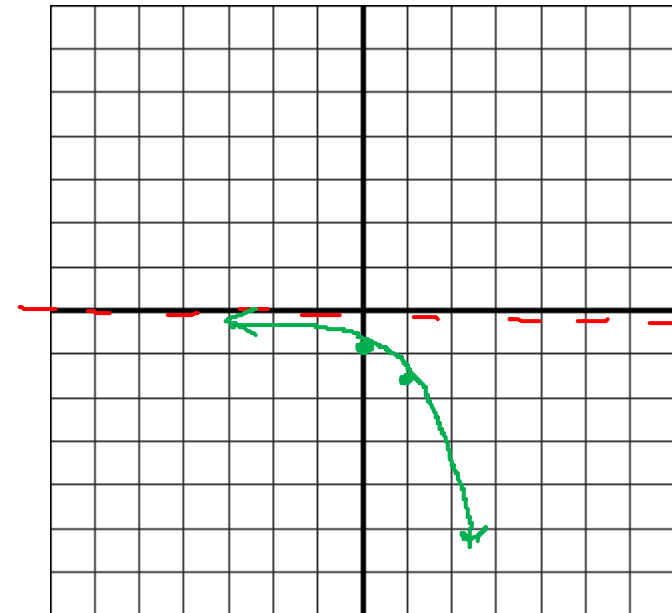
TR: Reflect x-axis

Pts: $(0, -1)$
 $(1, -3/2)$

- HA: $y = 0$

- D: $(-\infty, \infty)$

- R: $(-\infty, 0)$



- List Parent Graph
- List Transformations
- Plot 2 points
- List/draw HA
- State D and R

Graph the functions

- $y = 3 \cdot 2^{x-1} - 4$

P.G.: $y = 2^x$

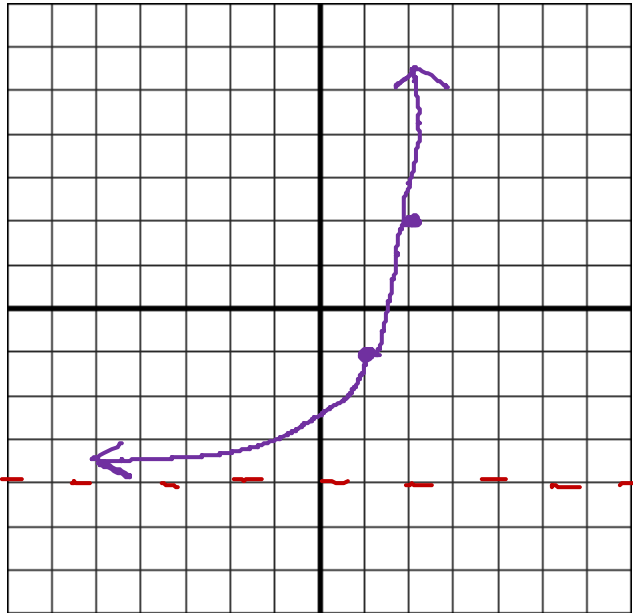
TR: Vert. stretch
Right 1
Down 4

pts: $(1, -1)$
 $(2, 2)$

HA: $y = -4$

D: $(-\infty, \infty)$

R: $(-4, \infty)$



- $y = -3^x - 2$

P.G.: $y = 3^x$

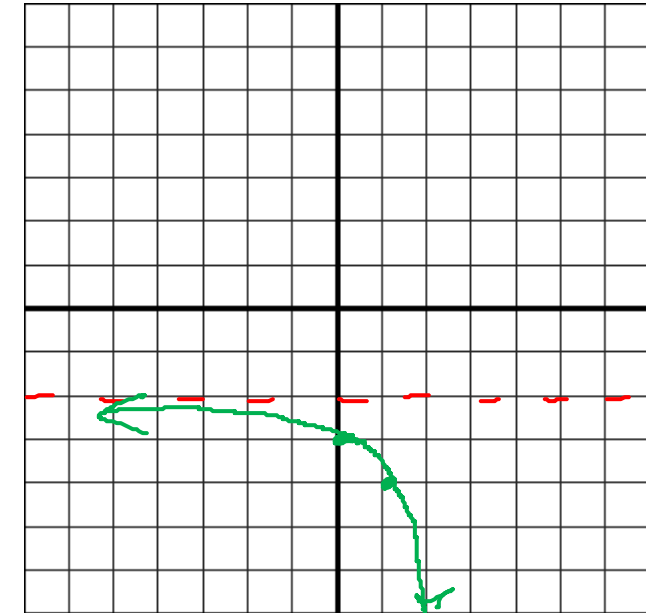
TR: Reflect x-axis
Down 2

pts: $(0, -3)$
 $(1, -5)$

HA: $y = -2$

D: $(-\infty, \infty)$

R: $(-\infty, -2)$



- List Parent Graph
- List Transformations
- Plot 2 points
- List/draw HA
- State D and R

Using Exponential Growth Models

$$y = a(1 + r)^t$$

a = initial amount
 r = rate (% \rightarrow decimal)
 t = time

$$h = 1.313 (1 + .98)^t$$

$$h = 1.313 (\underbrace{1.98}_{\text{growth factor}})^t$$

In January, 1993, there were about 1,313,000 = 1.313 million internet hosts. During the next 5 years, the number of hosts increased by 98% per year.

a) Write a model giving the number h (in millions) of hosts t years after 1993. About how many hosts were there in 1996?

b) Graph the model

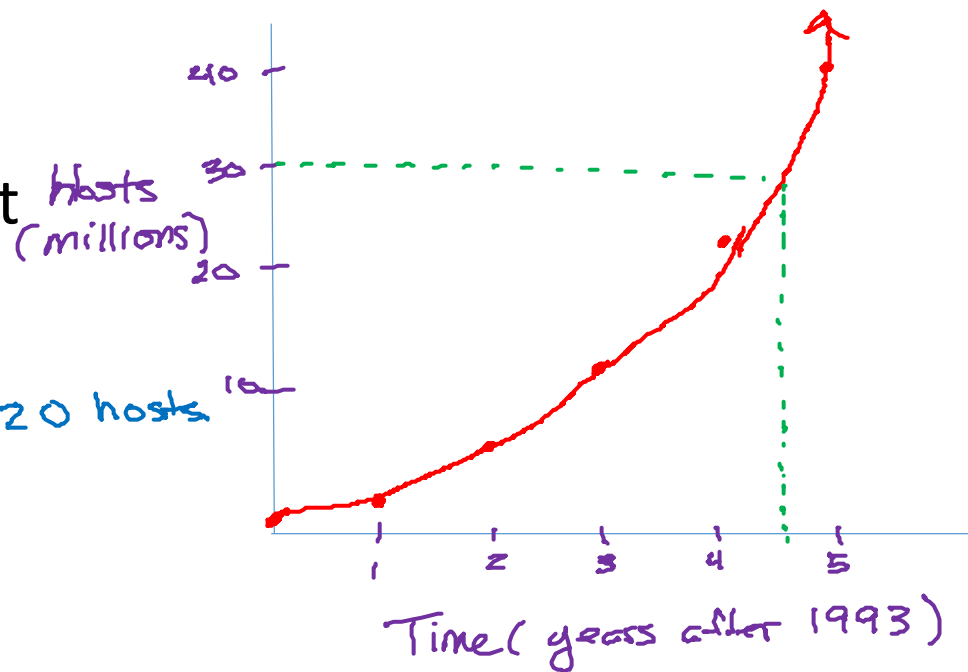
$$h = 1.313 (1.98)^3$$

$$h = 10.192 \approx 10,192,020 \text{ hosts}$$

c) In what year were there 30 million hosts?

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| $(0, 1.313)$ | $(3, 10.192)$ |
| $(1, 2.6)$ | $(4, 20.2)$ |
| $(2, 5.1)$ | $(5, 40)$ |

1997



Compound Interest

A = Balance (ending amount)

P = Principle (starting amt)

r = rate (% \rightarrow dec.)

n = # of times interest is compounded per year

$$A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt}$$

t = total investment period



You deposit \$1000 in an account that pays 8% annual interest. Find the balance after 1 year if the interest is compounded with the given frequency.

a.) annually $n=1$

$$A = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{.08}{1} \right)^{1 \cdot 1}$$

$$A = \$1080.00$$

b.) quarterly $n=4$

$$A = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{.08}{4} \right)^{4 \cdot 1}$$

$$A = \$1082.43$$

c.) daily $n=365$

$$A = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{.08}{365} \right)^{365 \cdot 1}$$

$$A = \$1083.27$$

Last Question...



$$a = 100$$
$$y = 100(1.3)^{10}$$
$$y = 1378 \dots$$

$$\frac{1378}{100} = \boxed{13.78}$$

If the population of a town increased by 30% per year over a period of 10 years, by how many times did the population increase in the ten-year period?

13.8 times bigger

$$y = a(1+r)^t$$
$$y = (1.3)^{10}$$
$$y = 13.78 \dots$$

Exponential Decay

$$f(x) = a \cdot b^x ; \text{ where } a > 0 \text{ and } 0 < b < 1$$

pos.

fraction blw 0 + 1

State whether the following functions are exponential growth or decay

$$f(x) = 5 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^x$$

Decay

fraction
blw 0 + 1

$$f(x) = 8 \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^x$$

Growth

$$f(x) = 10(3)^{-x}$$

$$= 10 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x$$

Decay

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= 10 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-x} \\ &= 10 (3)^x \Rightarrow \text{Growth} \end{aligned}$$

Graph the functions

• $y = 3 \cdot 4^{-x}$

Decay: $3 \cdot (\frac{1}{4})^x$

P.G.: $y = \frac{1}{4}^x$ $y = 4^{-x}$

HA: $y = 0$

D: $(-\infty, \infty)$

R: $(0, \infty)$

TR: Vert. stretch

Pts: $(0, 3)$ $(1, 3/4)$
 $(-1, 12)$



• $y = -5 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^x$

P.G.: $y = (\frac{2}{3})^x$

TR: Reflect x-axis
 Vert. stretch

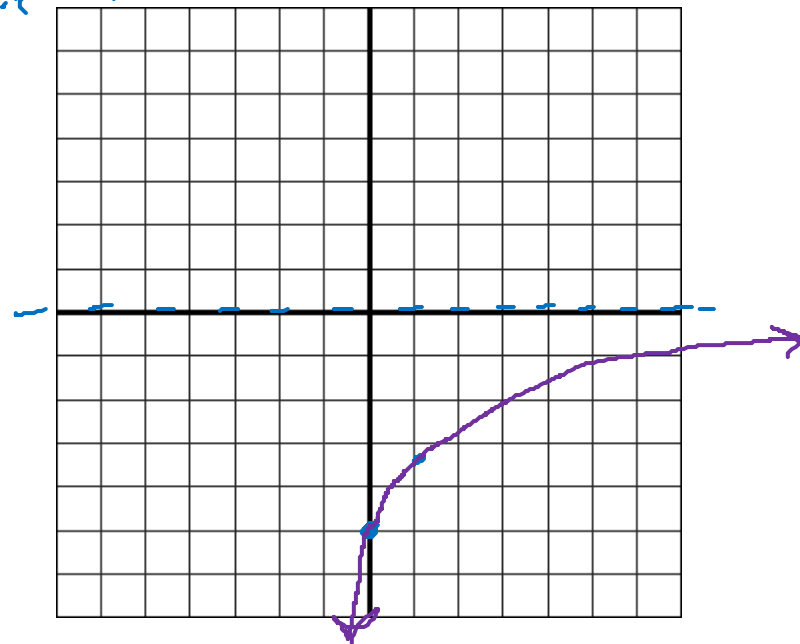
Pts: $(0, -5)$
 $(1, -\frac{10}{3})$

$(1, -3\frac{1}{3})$

HA: $y = 0$

D: $(-\infty, \infty)$

R: $(-\infty, 0)$



- List Parent Graph
- List Transformations
- Plot 2 points
- List/draw HA
- State D and R

Graph the functions

• $y = -3 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{x+2} + 1$

P.G. $y = \frac{1}{2}^x$

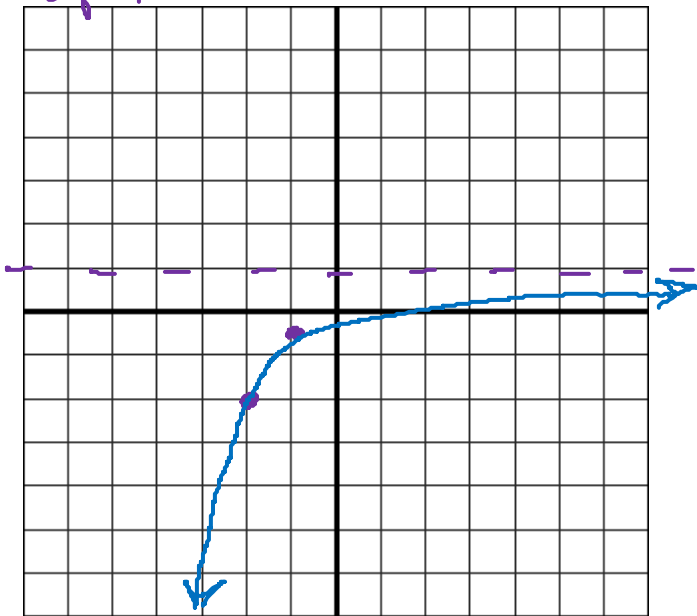
Pts: $(-2, -2)$
 $(-1, -1/2)$

HA: $y = 1$

D: $(-\infty, \infty)$

R: $(-\infty, 1)$

TR: Reflect x-axis
 V. Stretch
 Left 2
 Up 1



• $y = 5 \cdot \frac{1}{8}^{(x+1)} - 2$

P.G.: $y = \frac{1}{8}^x$ $y = 8^{-x}$

Pts: $(-1, 3)$
 $(0, -1 \frac{2}{8})$

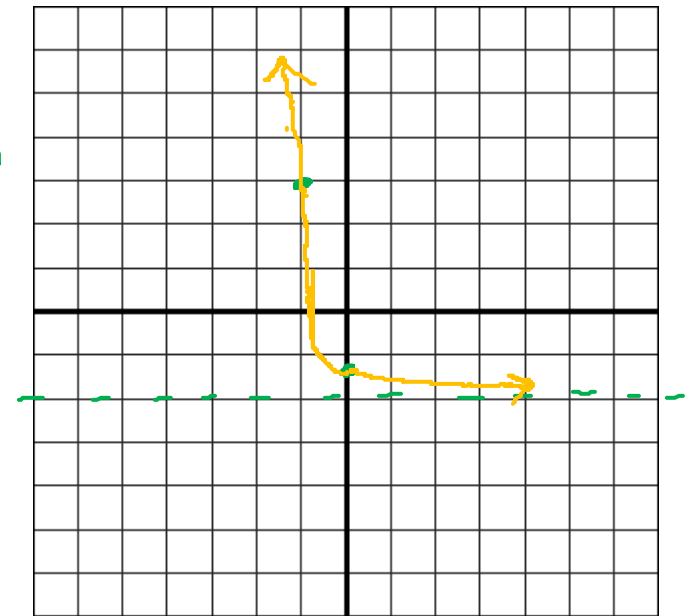
TR: V. Stretch
 Left 1
 Down 2

$= \frac{1}{8} - 2$
 $= \frac{1}{8} - \frac{16}{8} = -\frac{15}{8}$

HA: $y = -2$

D: $(-\infty, \infty)$

R: $(-2, \infty)$



- List Parent Graph
- List Transformations
- Plot 2 points
- List/draw HA
- State D and R

Using Exponential Decay Models

$$y = a(1 - r)^t$$

$1 - .16 = .84$

You buy a new car for \$24,000. The value y of the car decreases by 16% each year.

a) Write an exponential decay model for the value of the car. Use the model to estimate the value after 2 years.

$\rightarrow y = 24,000 (.84)^t$

~~b)~~ Graph the model

$y = 24,000 (.84)^2$
 $y = \$16,934.40$

~~c)~~ Use the graph to estimate when the car will have a value of \$12,000

